**江苏城市职业学院五年制高职2017年清考补学分考试**

**基础英语（3）复习资料**

**2017年2月**

**选择题**

1. —Do you know Ann Watterson very well?  
    —Yes, she used to be \_\_\_\_\_\_ coach and in \_\_\_\_\_\_ charge of our school team.   
    A. a; the     B. the; the     C. a; 不填     D.不填; 不填  
   2. Tom was \_\_\_\_\_\_ that he couldn’t understand \_\_\_\_\_\_ difficult sentence.  
      A. so a stupid boy; such     B. a so stupid boy; a such  
      C. so stupid a boy; a such     D. so stupid a boy; such a   
   3. Hearing the boring news, I was too distracted （心烦意乱）to  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my attention on my homework.  
     A. attract    B. draw      C. concentrate   D. pay     
   4. —Jack, your father has gone out without this umbrella!  
    —Well, take it easy. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he comes back for it.  
    A. It is long before that        B. It won’t be long since         
    C. It will be long before        D. It won’t be long before  
   5. I will be away for at least one year and I’d appreciate \_\_\_\_\_\_ from you now and then.  
     A. having heard  B. hearing   C. heard    D. hear  
   6. —Ouch! You hurt me!  
    —I am sorry. But I  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_any harm. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to drive a rat out.  
    A. didn’t mean; tried                B. don’t mean; am trying  
   C. haven’t meant; tried           D. didn’t mean; was trying  
   7. Her valuable advice \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to be taken, or you will suffer more loss.  
    A. deserves    B. survives   C. serves     D. proves  
   8. The factory produces half a million pairs of shoes every year, 80%        are sold abroad.   
    A. of which        B. which of    C. of them   D. of that  
   9. At a beach or a swimming pool a lifeguard is a person who is responsible for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ other swimmers and protecting them from accidents.   
    A. turning to   B. watching over  C. watching out  D. digging out  
   10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the rain falling so hard, it becomes more and more difficult to carry on the rescue work.  
    A. Since     B. As          C. With          D. For  
   11. Rainforests \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and burned at such a speed that they will disappear from the earth in the near future.  
    A. cut       B. are cut     C. are being cut   D. had been cut  
   12. The English in the future will be quite different from the English of today. It is possible that some English words may even \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ completely.  
    A. die down   B. die out    C. die off    D. die of  
   13. It is uncertain \_\_\_\_\_\_ side effect the medicine will bring about, although about two thousand patients have taken it.  
     A. what        B. that                C. how             D. whether  
   14. When first         to the market, these products enjoy great success.  
    A. introducing    B. introduced    C. introduce     D. being introduced  
   15. —He failed in the exam again.   
      —He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_his teacher’s advice.      
    A. should not have followed         B. should not follow  
    C. mustn’t follow                 D. should have followed

答案：

1-5 CDCDB  6-10 DAABC   11-15 CBABD

**阅读理解**

I’m sure you know the song “Happy Birthday”. But do you know who wrote the song and for whom it was written?  
    The retired professor, Archibald A. Hill in Lucasville, USA could tell us the story. Ninety-seven years ago, two of Mr. Archibald Hill’s aunts, Miss Patty Hill and Miss Mildred Hill were asked to write some songs for a book called “Song Storied for the Sunday Morning”. Miss Patty Hill and Miss Mildred Hill were both kindergarten teachers then. They loved children very much and wrote many beautiful songs for the book. One of them was the famous “Good Morning to You.” The song said, “Good morning to you, good morning to you, dear children, good morning to all.” This song was very popular at that time among kindergarten children. But not many grown-ups knew it. A few years later little Archibald was born. As his aunt, Miss Patty Hill sang the song “Happy Birthday” to the melody（曲调）of “Good Morning to you” to her little nephew（侄子）. She sang the song like this: Happy birthday to you! Happy birthday to you! Happy birthday, dear Archie! Happy birthday to you!  
    Miss Patty Hill and her sister had never expected that this song would become so popular, but it really did. People all over the world like the song because of its simplicity in tune（曲调简单）and friendliness in words.  
 1. Archibald A. Hill was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
   A. English       B. Russian       C. American     D. Australian  
 2. Professor Archibald A. Hill was Miss Mildred Hill’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
   A. son         B. student        C. brother     D. nephew  
 3. The song “Happy Birthday” has a history of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ years.  
   A. 97          B. about 90     C. more than 90  D. less than 90        
 4. Why did Miss Hiss wrote songs?  
   A. Because they are musicians.   B. Because they love children.  
   C. Because they were asked to write for a book.  
   D. Because their nephew asked them to do so.  
 5. The sentence “it really did” means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
   A. The song really became popular    B. Their wish would really come true  
   C. People all over the world like to listen to the song  
   D. Yes, but the song didn’t become popular

Why did the chicken cross the road? To get to the other side.  
Most people know this joke. But recently, some people have been much more worried about how the grizzly bear and mountain lion can cross the road.  
“Millions of animals die each year on U.S. roads,” the Federal Highway Administration reports. In fact, only about 80 ocelots, an endangered wild cat, exist in the U.S. today. The main reason? Roadkill.   
“Eco-passages” may help animals cross the road without being hit by cars. They are paths both over and under roads. “These eco-passages can be extremely useful, so that wildlife can avoid road accidents,” said Jodi Hilty of the Wildlife Protection Society.  
But do animals actually use the eco-passages?  The answer is yes. Paul Beier of Northern Arizona University found foot marks left by mountain lions on an eco-passage that went under a highway.  This showed that the lions used the passage.  
Builders of eco-passages try to make them look like a natural part of an area by planting trees on and around them. Animals seem to be catching on. Animals as different as salamanders（火蜥蜴）and grizzly bears are using the bridges and underpasses.  
The next time you visit a park or drive through an area with a lot of wildlife, look around.  You might see an animal overpass!  
 6. The writer uses the example of “ocelots” to show that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. wild animals have become more dangerous  
 B. the driving condition has improved greatly  
 C. an increasing number of animals are killed in road accidents  
 D. the measure for protecting wildlife fails to work  
 7. From the story, we know an eco-passage is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. an underground path for cars

B. a fence built for the safety of the area  
 C. a bridge for animals to get over a river

D. a path for animals to cross the road  
8. When the writer says that “animals seem to be catching on” (Para. 6), he means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. animals begin to realize the dangers on the road   
 B. animals are crossing the road in groups         
 C. animals are increasing in number  
 D. animals begin to learn to use eco-passages  
9. The writer asks visitors and drivers to look around when traveling because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. wild animals may attack cars

B. they may see wild animals on eco-passages   
 C. they may see wild animals in the park

D. wild animals may jam the road  
10. The best title for the passage is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Special bridges help animals cross the road   
 B. Endangered animals increase because of roadkill  
 C. Animals fail to cross the road             
 D. Take steps to protect animals in danger   

I began to grow up that winter night when my parents and I were returning from my aunt’s house, and my mother said that we might soon be leaving for America. We were on the bus then. I was crying, and some people on the bus were turning around to look at me. I remember that I could not bear the thought of never hearing again the radio program for school children to which I listened every morning.  
    I do not remember myself crying for this reason again. In fact, I think I cried very little when I was saying goodbye to my friends and relatives. When we were leaving I thought about all the places I was going to see—the strange and magical places I had known only from books and pictures. The country I was leaving and never to come back was hardly in my head then.  
The four years that followed taught me the importance of optimism（乐观）, but the idea did not come to me at once. For the first two years in New York I was really lost—having to study in three schools as a result of family moves. I did not quite know what I was or what I should be. Mother remarried, and things became even more complex for me. Some time passed before my stepfather and I got used to each other. I was often sad, and saw no end to “the hard times.”  
    My responsibilities in the family increased a lot since I knew English better than everyone else at home. I wrote letters, filled out forms, translated at interviews with Immigration officers（移民局官员）, took my grandparents to the doctor and translated there, and even discussed telephone bills with company representatives.  
From my experiences I have learned one important rule: Almost all common troubles go away at last! Something good is certain to happen in the end when you do not give up, and just wait a little! I believe that my life will turn out all right, even though it will not be that easy.  
 11. How did the author get to know America?  
 A. From radio programs          B. From books and pictures        
 C. From her mother              D. From her relatives  
 12. Upon leaving for America the author felt \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. excited       B. confused       C. worried         D. amazed  
 13. For the first two years in New York, the author \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. often lost her way   B. did not think about her future  
 C. studied in three different schools    D. got on well with her stepfather  
 14. What can we learn about the author from Paragraph 4?  
 A. She worked as a translator.

B. She attended a lot of job interviews.  
 C. She paid telephone bills for her family.

D. She helped her family with her English.  
15. The author believes that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. her future will be free from troubles

B. it is difficult to learn to become patient  
 C. there are more good things than bad things

D. good things will happen if one keeps trying

答案：

1-5 CDBCA  6-10 CDDBA  11-15 BACDD

**单词拼写**

1.We should not judge a person by his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（外表）

2. How did the people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ （反应）to the latest news?    
3. Schools need \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（志愿者）to help children to read.          
4. It was said that the little child had been \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（咬）by the fierce dog.    
5. Police asked \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（过路人）if they had seen the accident.         
6. I like to read books on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（电子的）music.          
7. We may \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（自信地）look forward to the future.          
8. Lesinko is quite f\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with China Central Television. He worked there for 25 years.                       
9. I don’t like b\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with the sellers over the price of the goods.         
10. The scientist encourages the young to e\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ unknown fields.         
11. The hotel bill c\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ every fee, including the broken glass.    
12. The doctor p\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the operation successfully.      
13. It is a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the weather forecast that we know there will be a heavy snow in 3 days.                     
14. Both the Winter and the Summer Olympics are held every four years on a r\_\_\_\_\_ basis.                
15. To be honest, some parents don’t a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ great importance to their children’s character training.                  
答案：

1. appearance  2. respond  3. volunteers  4. bitten   5. passers-by

6. electronic  7. confidently  8. familiar    9. bargaining  10. explore

11. contains  12. performed 13. according  14. regular   15. attach

**书面表达, 要求80个单词以上**

My school life